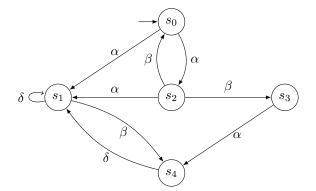
TD6 MVFA: Fairness and Revisions

Exercise 1

Consider the following transition system TS (without atomic propositions):



Decide which of the following fairness assumptions \mathcal{F}_i are realizable for TS.

- 1. $\mathcal{F}_1 = (\{\{\alpha\}\}, \{\{\delta\}\}, \{\{\alpha, \beta\}\})$ 2. $\mathcal{F}_2 = (\{\{\alpha, \delta\}\}, \{\{\alpha, \beta\}\}, \{\{\delta\}\})$
- 3. $\mathcal{F}_3 = (\{\{\alpha, \delta\}, \{\beta\}\}, \{\{\alpha, \beta\}\}, \{\{\delta\}\})$

Exercise 2

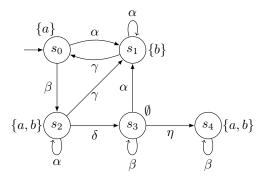
Let $AP = \{a, b\}.$

1. P_1 denotes the LT property that consists of all infinite words $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \cdots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$ such that there exists $n \ge 0$ with

$$\forall j < n, A_j = \emptyset \quad \land \quad A_n = \{a\} \quad \land \quad \forall k > n, (A_k = \{a\} \to A_{k+1} = \{b\})$$

Give an ω -regular expression for P_1 and define a NBA \mathcal{A}_1 such that $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_1) = P_1$.

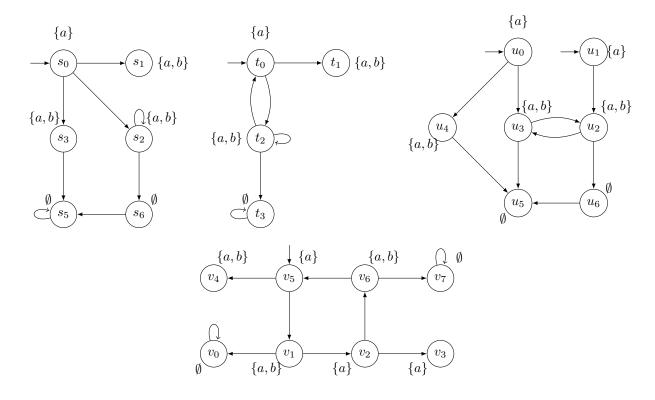
2. Consider the following transition system TS:



Consider the following fairness assumption $\mathcal{F}_1 = (\{\{\alpha\}\}, \{\{\beta\}, \{\delta, \gamma\}, \{\eta\}\}, \emptyset)$. Decide whether $TS \models_{\mathcal{F}_1} P_1$

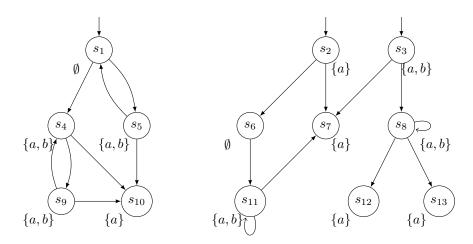
Exercise 3

For each pair of the following transition systems, determine whether they are bisimilar.



Exercise 4

Consider the following transition system. Determine the bisimulation equivalence and depict the bisimulation quotient system.



Exercise 5

Check for each of the following formula pairs (φ_i, ψ_i) whether the CTL formula φ_i is equivalent to the LTL formula ψ_i . Prove the equivalence or provide a counterexample that illustrates why $\varphi_i \neq \psi_i$.

- 1. $\varphi_1 = \forall \Box \forall \bigcirc a \text{ and } \psi_1 = \Box \bigcirc a$
- 2. $\varphi_2 = \forall \Diamond \forall \bigcirc a \text{ and } \psi_2 = \Diamond \bigcirc a$
- 3. $\varphi_3 = \forall \Diamond (a \land \exists \bigcirc a) \text{ and } \psi_3 = \Diamond (a \land \bigcirc a)$
- 4. $\varphi_4 = \forall \Diamond a \lor \forall \Diamond b \text{ and } \psi_3 = \Diamond (a \lor b)$
- 5. $\varphi_5 = \forall \Box (a \to \forall \Diamond b) \text{ and } \psi_5 = \Box (a \to \Diamond b)$
- 6. $\varphi_6 = \forall (b \ \mathrm{U} \ (a \land \forall \Box b)) \text{ and } \psi_6 = \Diamond a \land \Box b$