

Hintikka's world.

Goals:

- 1) Promoting the tool HW
- 2) Epistemic logic in CS
 - a) Knowledge-based programs.
 - b) Asynchrony

1) Cool HW

a) History

Barke's world	FO	
Kripke's world	ML	tableau prover
Hintikka's world	DEL	

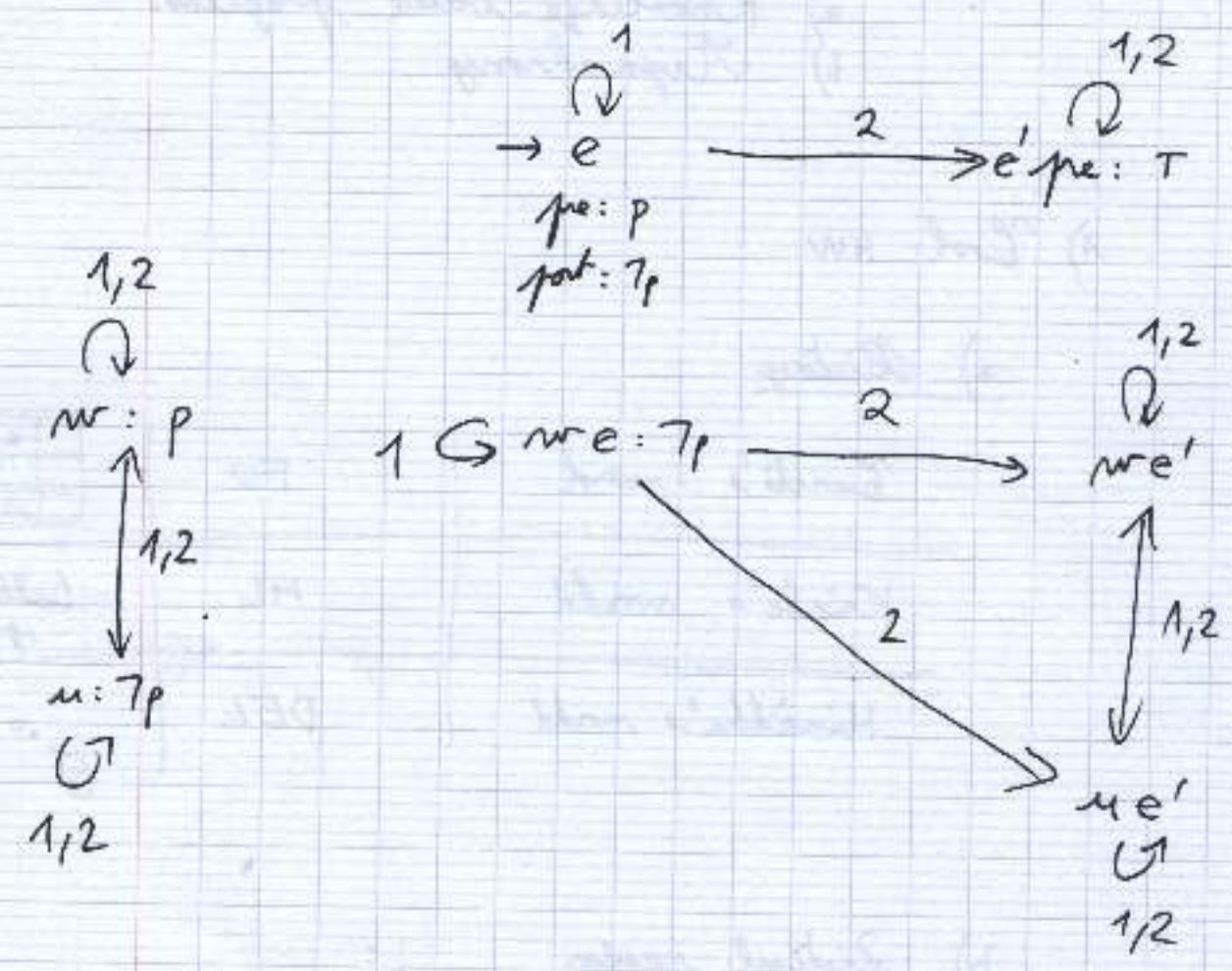
b) Practical revision

google Hintikka's world.

2

k) Dynamic epistemic logic (behind the scene)

epistemic situation	Kripke model
events	event model



d) Model checking

$$\mathcal{M}, w \models \varphi$$

without * e.g. $\mathcal{M}, w \models K_a[\varphi, e][\varphi', e'] K_b p$
 \leadsto decidable
 \leadsto PSPACE-C even if models are symbolic

with * : e.g. $\mathcal{M}, w \models [((\varphi, e) \cup (\varphi', e'))^*] K_b p$
 \leadsto undecidable.

2) Epistemic logic in CS

a) Knowledge-based programs

Ex:

```

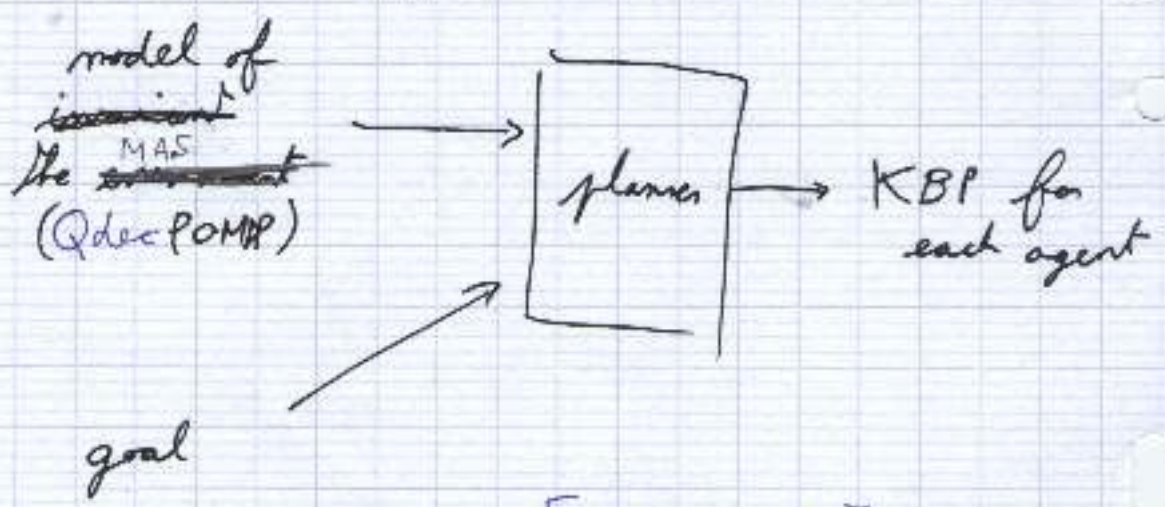
A
B
if ( Ka p )
|   A
else
|   B

while  $\neg$ Ka q
|   C

```

- easy to read by humans
- explainable AI

Ex of use in the future:



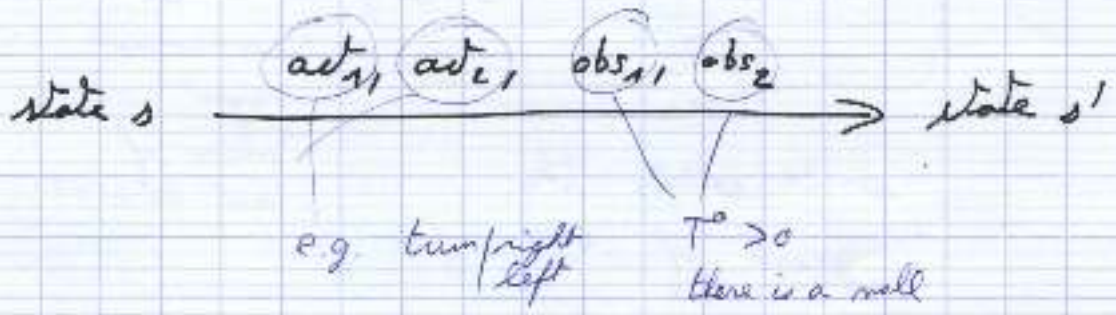
[AAAI 2018]

Goal: define a semantics for KBPs.

$\left. \begin{matrix} \text{Qdec POMDP} \\ \text{KBPs} \end{matrix} \right\} \rightsquigarrow$ Kripke's models.

\rightsquigarrow demo

Def: (Qdec POMDP) a \forall transition system Π with transition of the form:



and with an ~~is~~ subset B^0 of initial states.

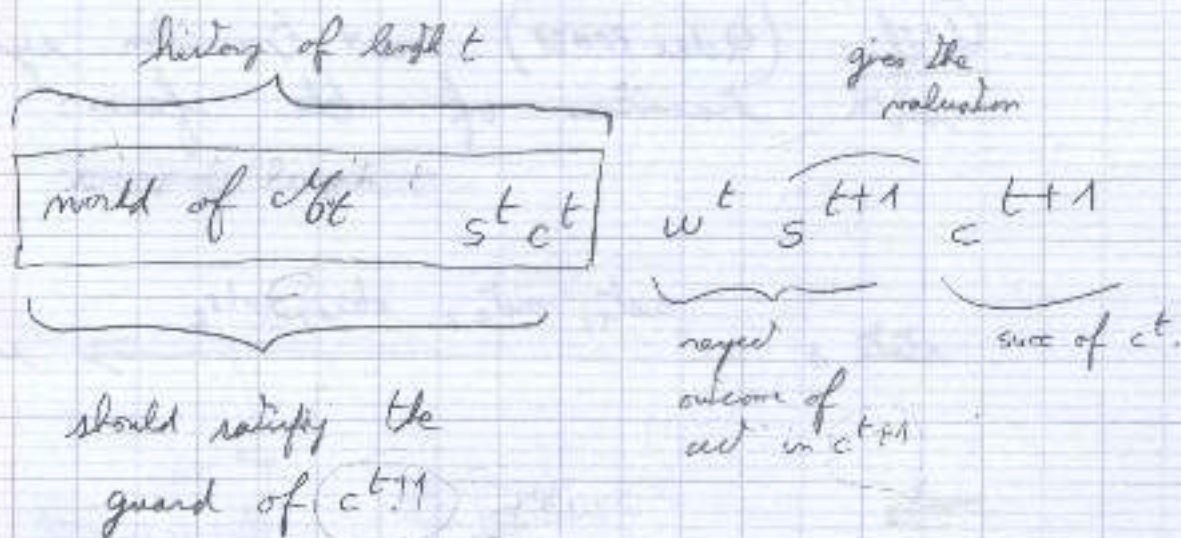
Def: (\mathcal{M}_0) Given Π , $(\pi_a)_{a \in \mathcal{A}}$, \mathcal{M}_0 is

Worlds of \mathcal{M}_0 : $s^0 c^0$ where $s^0 \in B^0$
 c^0 is a vector of program counters.
 initial

\sim_a : complete relations over worlds.

Def: (M_{t+1} from M_t by index on t .)

Worlds of M_{t+1} are of the form:



$$\boxed{h^t} \quad w^t \quad s^{t+1} \quad c^{t+1}$$

\sim_{t+1}

$$\boxed{h'^t} \quad w'^t \quad s'^{t+1} \quad c'^{t+1}$$

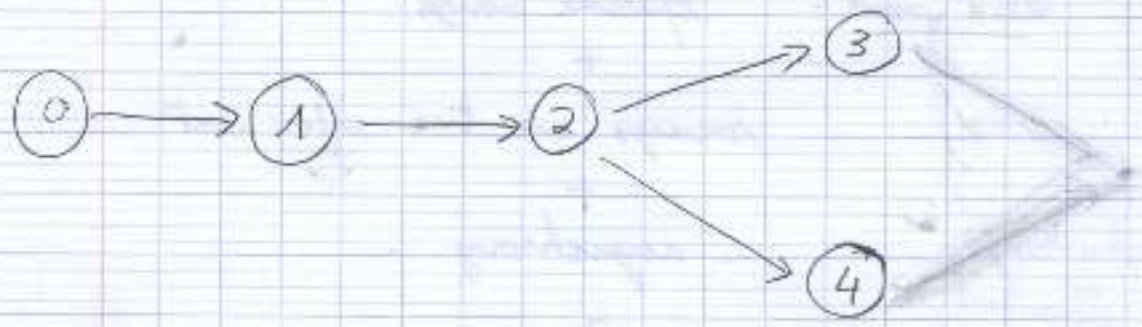
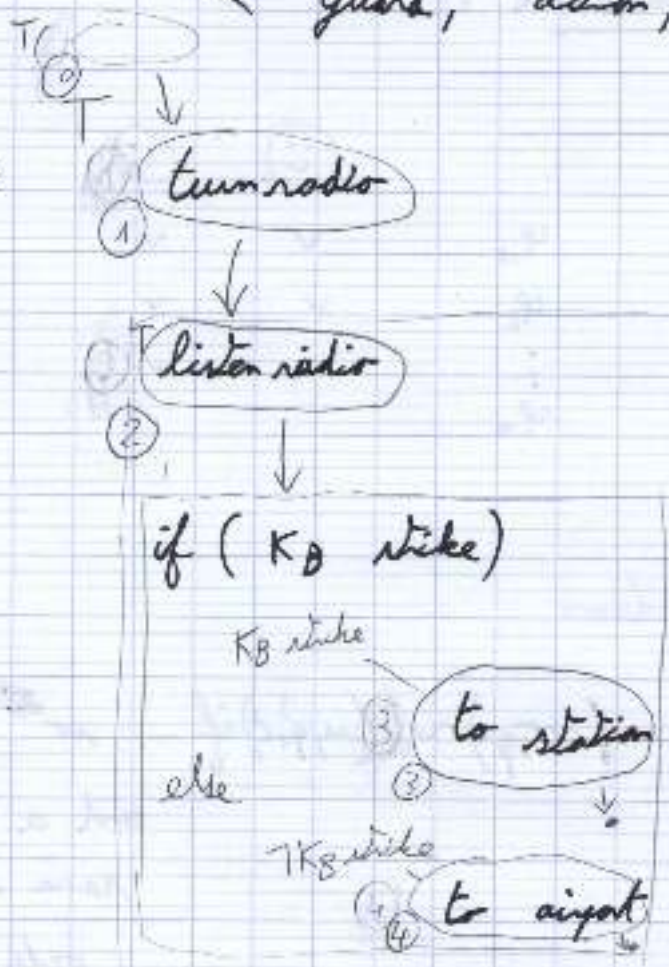
if 1) $h^t \sim_t h'^t$

2) $w_i^t = w_i'^t$

Def: (program counter)

< guard, action, continuation >

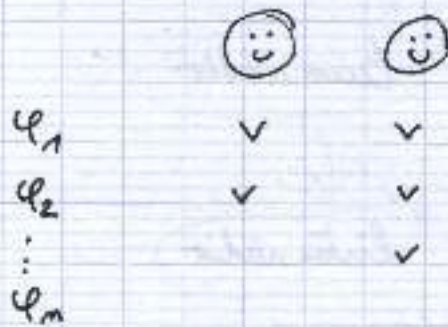
Ex:



Th: verifiat of while-free programs: PSPACE-c
 verifiat of while-programs: undecidable.

b) Asynchronous

Architecture:



\leadsto demo

Idea: $(nr, q) \sim_a (u, q')$ if $nr \sim_a u$
 and a has received the same msg and in the same order in nr and u .

$$c[i] = c'[i] \& q[1..c[i]] = q'[1..c'[i]]$$

Bad news:
 epistemic message
 +
 message are true when sent
 +
 asynchrony

[Lizka Knight,
 Maubert,
 -]

\leadsto circularity in the truth condition def.

Ex:

$$m, \square \models \text{Kap} ?$$

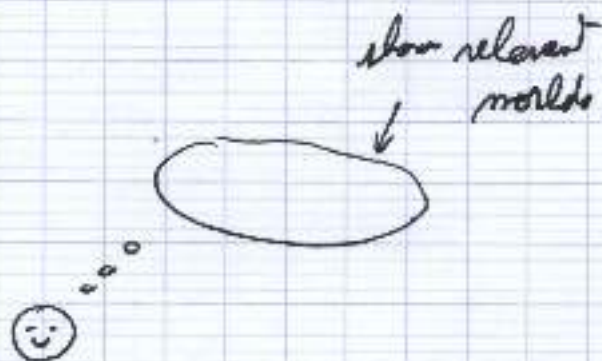
$$\begin{array}{c} \exists a \\ u \quad \boxed{\text{Kap} \dots} \end{array}$$

$$u \quad \square \models \text{Kap} ?$$

Conclusion - Future work

Tools

- 1) Design
- 2) Symbolic models



- 3) Extensions

Research

- 1) Face undecidability of verification.
 - bounded planning
 - approx.
- 2) Strategic reasoning. = KBPs.
- 3) Face the circularity pb due to cycloping.